

2009 Key Votes Explanation Page – Vote Numbers Coincide w/2009 General Assembly Scorecard

HB 7: Appropriation that gives \$13,300,000.00 to the Life Science Research Board (LSRB) “to fund projects relating to increasing Missouri’s research capacity.” Because Amendment 2 overrode the pro-life restrictions against cloning and unethical research relating to the LSRB in sec. 196.1127, MRL opposed this funding and then opposed the entire bill when it still contained a loophole in the protective language allowing for this funding to be used for life-destroying research. This is the same strict standard MRL took with family planning appropriations that funded Planned Parenthood in the 1990’s. (*Final Status: Passed*)

Votes counted in regards to HB 7:

House Votes: Numbers - 22, 23, 32, 33 & 36

Senate Votes: Numbers - 7, 9, 14, 15 & 16

HB 10: Appropriation that gives \$1,949,512 to Alternative to Abortion services for women. Missouri Right to Life strongly supported this program and funding. (*Final Status: Passed*)

Votes counted in regards to HB 10:

House Votes: Numbers - 24, 34 & 37

Senate Votes: Numbers - 8, 10, 17 & 18

HB 19: Appropriation that would have given a supplemental appropriation of \$5,500,000 to the Department of Economic Development for “biomaterials and composite research, ...and nanotechnology”... This language gives an open loophole for life-destroying research to be done with your state dollars. These dollars would have come from the Federal Budget Stabilization Fund. (*Final Status: Failed to Pass*)

Votes counted in regards to HB 19:

House Votes: Number - 28

Senate Votes: None

HB 21: Appropriation from the Federal Budget Stimulus Fund that gives \$7,100,000 to the Department of Economic Development. The departments shall allocate at least \$2,000,000 to make it possible for maternity homes and pregnancy resource centers in all areas of the state, including urban and “continuum of care” areas, to be eligible for grant and funding opportunities to the extent permitted by law. This is the good news. The bad news is that there is no specification on what the other \$5,100,000 will be used for. (*Final Status: Passed*)

Votes counted in regards to HB 21:

House Votes: None

Senate Votes: None

HB 46 & 434 & SB 264: These bills would have enacted three pro-life items: (i) provide the woman with an opportunity to view an ultrasound and hear the heartbeat of the unborn child; (ii) provide the pregnant woman with printed or video materials that describes the anatomical and

physiological characteristics of the unborn child and the possibility of causing pain to the unborn child during the abortion; (iii) protect a pregnant woman from being coerced into getting an abortion under various threats. These were Missouri Right to Life's priority bills and MRL strongly supported HB 46 & 434 & SB 264. *(Final Status: All three bills Failed to Pass)*

Votes counted in regards to HB 46 & 434 & SB 264:

House Votes: Numbers - 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 39, 40, 45 & 46

Senate Votes: Numbers - 4, 11, 13 & 19

HB 189: Would have established the "Seed Capital Technology Business Finance Program Act". Gives authority to the Missouri Technology Corporation to distribute state dollars "to make investments in an advanced technology company that is at the early development stage of commercializing advanced technology". This "advanced technology" would have included "biotechnology" which gives an open loophole for life destroying research. Missouri Right to Life suggested pro-life protective language. The sponsor and the legislature declined to place protective language on this bill. Just a reminder, the Missouri Technology Corporation (MTC) leadership lead the way in promoting the passage of Amendment 2. *(Final Status: Failed to Pass)*

Votes counted in regards to HB 1055:

House Votes: Number - 11

Senate Votes: None

HB 191 & HB 312: HB 191 eliminates the cap for tax credits issued under the Missouri Quality Jobs Program. HB 312 would have given tax credits for qualified research expenses including pharmaceutical research. HB 312 was combined with HB 191. There was no pro-life protection to prevent these tax credits from being used for life-destroying research via pharmaceutical research. Pharmaceutical research is a major industry that seeks to use human cloning and embryonic stem cell research to create early stage human beings for trial testing of drugs. In the final days of the legislative session the research and development language dealing with pharmaceutical research in HB 312 was dropped from the language of HB 191. *(Final Status: HB 191 Passed, HB 312 Failed to Pass)*

Votes counted in regards to HB 191 & HB 312:

House Votes: Numbers - 1, 3, 5 & 6

Senate Votes: Numbers - 2 & 6

HB 226 & SB 296: HB 226 specified that no pharmacy can be required to perform, assist, recommend, refer to, or participate in any act or service resulting in an abortion and it will be immune from liability for refusing to do so. In April after it was apparent that HB 226 was not moving, the pharmacy conscience language of HB 226 was amended on to SB 296 which modified laws on numerous professions including physician assistants. HB 226 language was germane to SB 296. *(Final Status: Both bills Failed to Pass)*

Votes counted in regards to HB 226 & SB 296:	
House Votes:	Numbers - 18, 30, 31 & 35
Senate Votes:	Number - 12
HB 570: HB 570 would have updated the information required to be reported from abortion clinics so that the Alternatives to Abortion program could be adapted to better serve women in crisis pregnancies. <i>(Final Status: Failed to Pass)</i>	
Votes counted in regards to HB 570:	
House Votes:	Number - 25
Senate Votes:	None
HB 575: HB 575 would have changed the laws regarding several economic development programs. In the list of specific research programs that would have been qualifying research is “prescription pharmaceuticals consumed by humans or animals”. Once again, there was no pro-life protection to prevent life-destroying research via pharmaceutical research. Pharmaceutical research is a major industry that seeks to use human cloning and embryonic stem cell research to create early stage human beings to do trial testing of drugs. <i>(Final Status: Failed to Pass)</i>	
Votes counted in regards to HB 575:	
House Votes:	Numbers - 26 & 27
Senate Votes:	None
HCR 48: Would have urged Congress to adopt balanced biosimilar legislation to foster the research and development of next generation, life-saving biological medicines and a science-based regulatory review system. No pro-life recommendation was included on this bill. With President Obama’s reversal of the Bush policy prohibiting federal funding of human cloning and embryonic human research the current pro-abortion Congress should clearly be sent a message that any research that has the potential of human cloning or the destruction of human beings would be unacceptable to pro-life Missourians. Therefore, without any pro-life statement, this resolution promotes putting innocent human lives at risk. <i>(Final Status: Failed to Pass)</i>	
Votes counted in regards to HCR 48:	
House Votes:	Numbers - 29 & 38
Senate Votes:	None
HJR 38 & SJR 17: HJR 38 - First introduced on 03/24/2009. SJR 17 – First introduced on 2/25/2009. Proposed a constitutional amendment prohibiting the expenditure of public funds for abortion services, human cloning, or certain human research. <i>(Final Status: Both bills Failed to Pass HJR 38 was referred to the House Special Standing committee on Children & Families on 5/15/2009, the last day of session; there was no time for a committee hearing. SJR 17 was referred to the Senate Health, Mental Health, Seniors and Families Committee on 3/12/2009 –Committee Hearing Never Held)</i>	

Votes counted in regards to HJR 38 & SJR 17:	
House Votes:	None to Count – No Hearing Held
Senate Votes:	None to Count - No Hearing Held
HR 294 & 212 & SCR 11: Urges the United States Congress to summarily reject the enactment of the federal Freedom of Choice Act which classifies abortion as a fundamental right and prohibits any restrictions on abortions. <i>(Final Status: HR 294 & 212 Passed the House and was sent to Washington...FYI: A “Resolution” does not have to pass both the House and the Senate where a “Concurrent” resolution does. SCR11 Failed to Pass the Senate) Note: For your information, prior to the passage of HR 294 & 212 a group of Missouri House Democrats sent a letter to Congress urging Congress not to take up and pass the Freedom of Choice Act)</i>	
Votes counted in regards to HR 294 & 212 & SCR 11:	
House Votes:	Numbers - 2, 4 & 7
Senate Votes:	Number - 3
SB 104: Would have provided that female students enrolling in sixth grade in public school may receive, at the option of a parent or guardian, an immunization for the human papilloma virus (HPV). An amendment was put on in the House affirming that none of the funding for this could be given to Planned Parenthood or any abortion provider. Missouri Right to Life took no position on immunization portion of SB 104; however, when the pro-life amendment was brought to the floor MRL supported the amendment. <i>(Final Status: Passed the House with the amendment but Failed to Pass the Senate due to the pro-life amendment)</i>	
Votes counted in regards to SB 104:	
House Votes:	Numbers - 41, 42, 43 & 44
Senate Votes:	None after pro-life amendment added
SB 288: Would have modified provisions of law authorizing a tax credit for qualified research. Once again this bill dealt with pharmaceutical research that would produce products derived from life or biomedical sciences research. There was no pro-life protection to prevent life-destroying research via pharmaceutical research. Pharmaceutical research is a major industry that seeks to use human cloning and embryonic stem cell research to create early stage human beings to do trial testing of drugs. <i>(Final Status: Combined with SB’s 45, 212, 136, 278, 279 & 285; Failed to Pass)</i>	
Votes counted in regards to SB 288:	
House Votes:	None
Senate Votes:	Number - 1

SB 572 & HB 1029: Would have established the Science and Innovation Reinvestment Act. Wide open research including life sciences research; no pro-life protections. Pharmaceutical research is a major industry that seeks to use human cloning and embryonic stem cell research to create early stage human beings to do trial testing of drugs. (*Final Status: Failed to Pass*)

Votes counted in regards to SB 572 & HB 1029:

House Votes: None

Senate Votes: Number - 5